CSS-430 : Operating Systems : HW09-Questions

**Assignment Text**

Complete the following problems from the OSC book, 10th edition:

File System Interface:

* Problem 13.10
* Problem 13.14
* Problem 13.16

File System Implementation

* Problem 14.8
* Problem 14.14

13.10

Question: The open-file table is used to maintain information about files that are currently open. Should the operating system maintain a separate table for each user or maintain just one table that contains references to files that are currently being accessed by all users? If the same file is being accessed by two different programs or users, should there be separate entries in the open-file table? Explain.

13.14

Question: If the operating system knew that a certain application was going to access file data in a sequential manner, how could it exploit this information to improve performance?

13.16

Question: Some systems provide file sharing by maintaining a single copy of a file. Other systems maintain several copies, one for each of the users sharing the file. Discuss the relative merits of each approach.

14.8

Question: Contrast the performance of the three techniques for allocating disk blocks (contiguous, linked, and indexed) for both sequential and ran-dom file access.

14.14

Question: Consider a file system on a disk that has both logical and physical block sizes of 512 bytes. Assume that the information about each file is already in memory. For each of the three allocation strategies (contiguous, linked, and indexed), answer these questions:

a. How is the logical-to-physical address mapping accomplished in this system? (For the indexed allocation, assume that a file is always less than 512 blocks long.)

b. If we are currently at logical block 10 (the last block accessed was block 10) and want to access logical block 4, how many physical blocks must be read from the disk?